# **Load Test Report**

Date: 7/14/2016

Test from: virginia

**Query URL:** http://personal.reviewsignal.com/ **Started at:** Thu Jul 14 2016, 06:17:32 -04:00 **Finished at:** Thu Jul 14 2016, 06:18:32 -04:00

Test link: https://www.blitz.io/to#/play/result/virginia:b3d4ce86fef76f73f20089f4910827ee

## **Analysis**

This rush generated **15,255** successful hits in **60 seconds** and we transferred **255.35 MB** of data in and out of your app. The average hit rate of **254/second** translates to about **21,967,200** hits/day.

The average response time was 200 ms.

You've got bigger problems, though: **42.48%** of the users during this **rush** experienced timeouts or errors!

Response Times	<b>Test Configuration</b>	Other Stats
Fastest: <b>188</b> ms	Region: <b>virginia</b>	Avg. Hits: <b>254</b> /sec
Slowest: <b>318</b> ms	Duration: <b>60</b> seconds	Transfered: <b>2.13</b> MB
Average: 200 ms	Load: <b>1-1000</b> users	Received: <b>253.22</b> MB



Hits **57.52%** (15255) Errors **42.46%** (11260) Timeouts **0.02%** (5)

### Hits

This rush generated **15,255** successful hits. The number of hits includes all the responses listed below. For example, if you only want **HTTP 200 OK** responses to count as Hits, then you can specify **--status 200** in your rush.

Code	Туре	Description	Amount
200	HTTP	OK	15255



HTTP 200 OK 100% (15255)

#### **Errors**

The first error happened at **2.5 seconds** into the test when the number of concurrent users was at **41**. Errors are usually caused by resource exhaustion issues, like running out of file descriptors or the connection pool size being too small (for SQL databases).

Code	Туре	Description	Amount
23	TCP	Connection timeout	11260

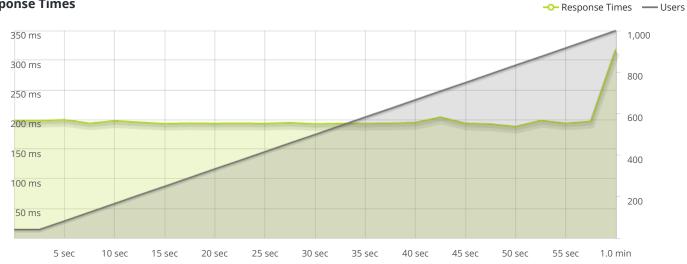


Connection timeo... 100% (11260)

# Timeouts

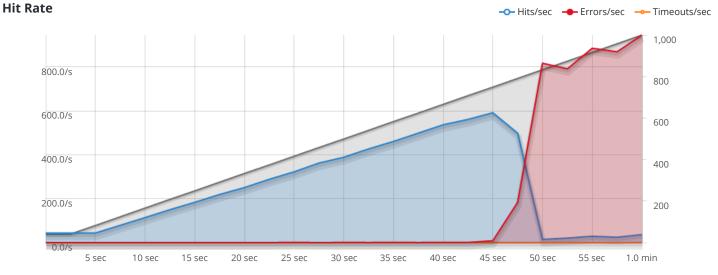
The first timeout happened at **25 seconds** into the test when the number of concurrent users was at **416**. Looks like you've been rushing with a timeout of **1000 ms**. Timeouts tend to increase with concurrency if you have lock contention of sorts. You might want to think about in-memory caching using <u>redis</u>, <u>memcached</u> or <u>varnish</u> to return stale data for a period of time and asynchronously refresh this data.

# **Response Times**



- STEP 1 --O-Response Times

The max response time was: 318 ms @ 1000 users



— STEP 1 – → Hits/sec → Errors/sec → Timeouts/sec

The max hit rate was: 591 hits per second